

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO WATER QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION

In the Matter of: PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS FOR INTERSTATE AND INTRASTATE WATERS, 20.6.4 NMAC

No. WQCC 20-51 (R)

# AMIGOS BRAVOS' NOTICE OF FILING REQUESTED ADDITIONS TO HEARING OFFICER'S REPORT

On December 30, 2021, the Hearing Officer held argument on Amigos Bravos' Motion to Strike LANL's Proposed Amendment to 20.6.4.14.A NAMC and Motion to Strike LANL's Proposed Amendment to Definition of "Toxic Pollutant" at 20.6.4.7.T(2) NMAC. During the hearing, the Hearing Officer requested Amigos Bravos to submit a paragraph summarizing each of its motions. Amigos Bravos' proposed paragraphs summarizing the two motions are below:

### Motion to Strike LANL's Amendment to 20.6.4.14.A NMAC<sup>1</sup>

Amigos Bravos moved to strike an amendment to 20.6.4.14.A NMAC first proposed by LANL in its post-hearing brief. Amigos Bravos moved to strike the following highlighted language on the ground that there is **no** evidence in the record to support the proposal and because the parties had no opportunity to cross-examine any witness on the meaning and effect of the proposed language. *See* NMSA 1978, §§ 74-6-7.B(2), 74-6-6.D.

#### 20.6.4.14 SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS:

A. 40 CFR Part 136 approved methods shall be used to determine compliance with these standards and in Section 401 certifications under the federal Clean Water Act. In cases of pollutants and pollutant parameters for which there are no approved methods under 40 CFR Part 136, analyses shall be conducted according to a test procedure specified in the applicable permit or 401 certification. Where 40 CFR Part 136 approved methods are not required, sampling Sampling and analytical techniques shall conform with methods described in the following references unless otherwise specified by the commission pursuant to a petition to amend these standards: . . . . <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the motion, Amigos Bravos also moved to strike language from federal regulation that LANL misquoted in its post-hearing brief. LANL conceded the point, and corrected its error in its Second Notice of Errata to LANL's Closing Argument at ¶ 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> LANL's proposed amendment is shown in underline and strikeout. It's newly proposed language can be found at LANL's Proposed Final Amendments at 7-8 and LANL added the

Amigos Bravos detailed in its motion why there is no evidence in support. Amigos Bravos maintains in its reply that LANL did not attempt to cite to evidence in support in LANL's response.

Amigos Bravos further contends that LANL's proposed language does not verbatim reflect the federal regulations relating at 40 CFR § 122.44, as alleged by LANL, and the language is ambiguous (1) whether non-Part 136 Methods may be used to determine compliance with federal permits and state water quality standards and (2) whether EPA Method 1668C, which tests for PCBs at the lowest numeric water quality standards established by the Water Quality Control Commission, is authorized, since there was no opportunity to cross-examine any witness on this proposal.

NMED joined in support of the motion to strike.

# Amigos Bravos' Motion to Strike LANL's Proposed Amendment to Definition of "Toxic Pollutant" at 20.6.2.7.T(2) NMAC

Amigos Bravos moved to strike an amendment to the definition of "toxic pollutant" at 20.6.4.7.T(2) NMAC first proposed by LANL in its post-hearing brief. Amigos Bravos moved to strike on the ground that there is **no** evidence in the record to support the proposal and because the parties had no opportunity cross-examine any witness on the meaning and effect of the proposed language. *See* NMSA 1978, §§ 74-6-7.B(2), 74-6-6.D. Amigos Bravos moved to strike LANL's proposed:

- List of "persistent toxics listed in 20.6.4.900.J NMAC,"
- List of two "PFAS compounds" with accompanying footnote 1 stating that PFAS compounds do not apply to waters with limited aquatic life use,
- List of "toxic pollutants" in 20.6.2.7 NMAC and accompanying footnote 2, stating that the toxic pollutants in 20.6.2.7 NMAC apply only to domestic water supply use, with the exception of PFAS compounds.

Amigos Bravos' Exhibit A to the motion highlights the portions of LANL's proposal to which Amigos Bravos objects, and is attached hereto.

Amigos Bravos detailed in its motion why there is no evidence in support and detailed in its reply why the evidence cited to in LANL's response does not support its proposal.

NMED, Communities for Clean Water, and Gila Resources Information Project joined in support of the motion to strike.

words "and pollutant parameters" to its proposal in its Second Notice of Errata to LANL's Closing Argument at ¶ 3.

### Respectfully submitted,

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#### Certificate of Service

I certify that a copy of the foregoing pleading was emailed to the following counsel on January 5, 2022:

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# STATE OF NEW MEXICO BEFORE THE WATER QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF:

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS FOR INTERSTATE AND INTRASTATE SURFACE WATERS, 20.6.4 NMAC

No. WQCC 20-51 (R)

# TRIAD NATIONAL SECURITY, LLC AND THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY'S CLOSING ARGUMENT

September 24, 2021

### S. Terms beginning with the letter "S".

\* \* \*

(5) "Sufficiently sensitive" means any method approved under 40 CFR part 136 for the analysis of pollutants or pollutant parameters for which (1) the method minimum level (ML) is at or below the level of the effluent limit established in the permit; or (2) the method has the lowest ML of the analytical methods approved under 40 CFR part 136 for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter.

### T. Terms beginning with the letter "T".

\* \* \*

(2) "Toxic pollutant" means those pollutants, or combination of pollutants, including disease-causing agents, that after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains, will cause death, shortened life spans, disease, adverse behavioral changes, reproductive or physiological impairment or physical deformations in such organisms or their offspring. listed by the EPA Administrator under section 307(a) of the federal Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1313(a) or in the list below.

### Persistent Toxics listed in 20.6.4.900.J NMAC

```
Antimony, dissolved (CAS 7440-36-0)
Arsenic, dissolved (CAS 7440-38-2)
Methylmercury (CAS 22967-92-6)
Nickel, dissolved (CAS 7440-02-0)
Selenium, dissolved (CAS 7782-49-2)
Thallium, dissolved (CAS 7440-28-0)
Zinc, dissolved (CAS 7440-66-6)
Aldrin (CAS 309-00-2)
Benzo(a)pyrene (CAS 50-32-8)
Chlordane (CAS 57-74-9)
4,4'-DDT (CAS number 50293)
4,4'-DDE (CAS number 72559)
4,4'-DDD (CAS number 72548).
Dieldrin (CAS 60-57-1)
Dioxin
Hexachlorobenzene (CAS 118-74-1)
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) (CAS 1336-36-3)
Tetrachloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)
```

```
PFAS Compounds 1
 1
2
3
4
5
6
7
             Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (CAS 335-67-1)
             Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) (CAS 1763-23-1)
             Toxic Pollutants listed in 20.6.2.7 NMAC 2
             acrolein (CAS 107-02-8)
             benzene and alkylbenzenes
                   benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
10
                   toluene (methylbenzene) (CAS 108-88-3)
11
                   ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
12
            xylenes (dimethyl benzene isomers): o-xylene (CAS 95-47-6); m-xylene (CAS 108-38-3)
13
            and p-xylene (CAS 106-42-3)
14
                  styrene (ethenylbenzene) (CAS 100-42-5)
15
             chlorinated benzenes
                   monochlorobenzene (CAS 108-90-7)
16
                   1,2-dichlorobenzene (ortho-dichlorobenzene) (CAS 95-50-1)
17
18
                   1,4-dichlorobenzene (para-dichlorobenzene) (CAS 106-46-7)
19
                   1,2,4-trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1)
                   1,2,4,5-tetrachlorobenzene (CAS 95-94-3)
20
21
                   Pentachlorobenzene (CAS 608-93-5)
22
                   hexachlorobenzene (CAS 118-74-1)
23
            chlorinated phenols
                   2,4-dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)
24
25
                   2.4.5-trichlorophenol (CAS 95-95-4)
26
                   2.4.6-trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)
27
                   pentachlorophenol (PCP) (CAS 87-86-5)
28
            chloroalkyl ethers
29
                   bis (2-chloroethyl) ether (CAS 111-44-4)
30
                    bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether (CAS 108-60-1)
                   bis (chloromethyl) ether (CAS 542-88-1)
31
             1,2-dichloropropane (propylene dichloride, PDC) (CAS 78-87-5)
32
33
            dichloropropenes (CAS 542-75-6)
34
             1,4-dioxane (CAS 123-91-1)
35
            halogenated ethanes
36
                    1,2-dibromoethane (ethylene dibromide, EDB) (CAS 106-93-4)
37
                   1.1-dichloroethane (1.1-DCA) (CAS 75-34-3)
38
                   1,2-dichloroethane (ethylene dichloride, EDC) (CAS 107-06-2)
                   1.1.1-trichloroethane (TCA) (CAS 71-55-6)
39
                   1,1,2-trichloroethane (1,1,2-TCA) (CAS 79-00-5)
40
41
                   1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS 79-34-5)
42
                   hexachloroethane (CAS 67-72-1)
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#### Exhibit A

Pollutants listed as PFAS compounds do not apply to waters with a limited aquatic life designated use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Toxic pollutants listed in 20.6.2.7 NMAC only apply to waters with a domestic water supply designated use, with the exception of the PFAS compounds listed above.

```
halogenated ethenes
 1
 2 3
                    chlorothene (vinyl chloride) (CAS 75-01-4)
                    1.1-dichloroethene (1.1-DCE) (CAS 75-35-4)
 4
5
6
7
                   trans-1,2-dichloroethene (trans-1,2-DCE) (CAS 156-60-5)
                   trichloroethene (trichloroethylene, TCE) (CAS 79-01-6)
                   tetrachloroethene (perchloroethylene, PCE) (CAS 127-18-4)
            halogenated methanes
                   bromodichloromethane (CAS 75-27-4)
                   bromomethane (CAS 74-83-9)
10
                   chloromethane (CAS 74-87-3)
11
                   dichlorodifluoromethane (fluorocarbon-12) (CAS 75-71-8)
12
                   dichloromethane (methylene chloride) (CAS 75-09-2)
13
                   tribromomethane (bromoform) (CAS 75-25-2)
14
                   trichloromethane (chloroform) (CAS 67-66-3)
15
                   tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloride) (CAS 56-23-5)
16
                   trichlorofluoromethane (fluorocarbon-11) (CAS 75-69-4)
            hexachlorobutadiene (CAS 87-68-3)
17
18
            isophorone (CAS 78-59-1)
19
            methyl tertiary-butyl-ether (MTBE) (CAS 1634-04-4)
20
            nitroaromatics and high explosives (HE)
21
                   nitrobenzene (CAS 98-95-3)
22
                   2,4-dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT) (CAS 121-14-2)
23
                   2,6-dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT) (CAS 606-20-2)
24
                   octrahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX) (CAS 2691-41-0)
25
                   hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) (CAS 121-82-4)
                   2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT) (CAS 118-96-7)
26
27
                   2.4-dinitro-o-cresol (CAS 534-52-1)
28
                   dinitrophenols (CAS 51-28-5)
29
            nitrosamines
30
                   N-nitrosodiethylamine (CAS 55-18-5)
31
                   N-nitrosodimethylamine (CAS 62-75-9)
32
                   N-nitrosodibutylamine (CAS 924-16-3)
33
                   N-nitrosodiphenylamine (CAS 86-30-6)
34
                   N-nitrosopyrrolidine (CAS 930-55-2)
35
            perchlorate (CAS 14797-73-0)
36
            perfluorinated-chemicals (PFCs)
37
                   perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PHHxS) (CAS 355-46-4)
38
                   Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) (CAS 1763-23-1)
39
                   perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (CAS 335-67-1)
40
            pesticides
41
                   Aldrin (CAS 309-00-2)
42
                   atrazine (CAS 1912-24-9)
43
                   chlordane (CAS 57-74-9)
44
                   dieldrin (CAS 60-57-1)
45
                   endosulfan (CAS 115-29-7)
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#### Exhibit A

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endrin (CAS 72-20-8)
 2
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4
5
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7
8
9
                    heptachlor (CAS 76-44-8)
             hexachlorocyclohexane (HCH, lindane): alpha-HCH (CAS 319-84-6); beta-HCH (CAS
             319-85-7); gamma-HCH (CAS 58-89-9); and, technical-HCH (CAS 608-73-1)
                    prometon (CAS 1610-18-0)
                    toxaphene (CAS 8001-35-2)
             phenol (CAS 108-95-2)
             phthalate esters
                    dibutyl phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)
10
                    di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP) (CAS 117-81-7)
                    diethyl phthalate (DEP) (CAS 84-66-2)
11
12
                    dimethyl phthalate (DMP) (CAS 131-11-3)
13
             polycyclic compounds
14
                    benzidine (CAS 92-87-5)
15
                    dichlorobenzidine (CAS 91-94-1)
16
                    diphenylhydrazine (CAS 122-66-7)
17
                    polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) (CAS 1336-36-3)
18
             polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)
19
                    anthracne (CAS 120-12-7)
20
                    benzo(a)pyrene (CAS 50-32-8)
21
                    3,4-benzofluoranthene (CAS 205-99-2)
22
                    benzo(k)fluoranthene (CAS 207-08-9)
23
                    fluoranthene (CAS 206-44-0)
24
                    fluorene (CAS 86-73-7)
25
                    naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
26
                    1-methylnaphthalene (CAS 90-12-0)
27
                    2-methylnaphthalene (CAS 91-57-6)
28
                    phenanthrene (CAS 85-01-8)
29
                    pyrene (CAS 129-00-0)
30
             thiolane 1,1 dioxide (sulfolane) (CAS 126-33-0)
31
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33
             U.
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                    Terms beginning with the letter "U".
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38
                            "Use Attainability Analysis" means a structured scientific assessment of the
39
      factors affecting the attainment of the use, which include physical, chemical, biological, and
      economic factors as described in 40 CFR 131.10(g).
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     20.6.4.10
                    REVIEW OF STANDARDS; NEED FOR ADDITIONAL STUDIES:
                     Section 303(c)(1) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that the state hold
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     public hearings at least once every three years for the purpose of reviewing water quality
45
     standards and proposing, as appropriate, necessary revisions to water quality standards.

B. In accordance with 40 CFR 131.10, when an existing use of a water, as defined
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     under 20.6.4.7 NMAC, requires a higher level of protection than the current designated use and
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LANL's Final Proposed Amendments to 20.6.4 NMAC Page 5 of 11

AB Ex. A